

Definition of Leadership

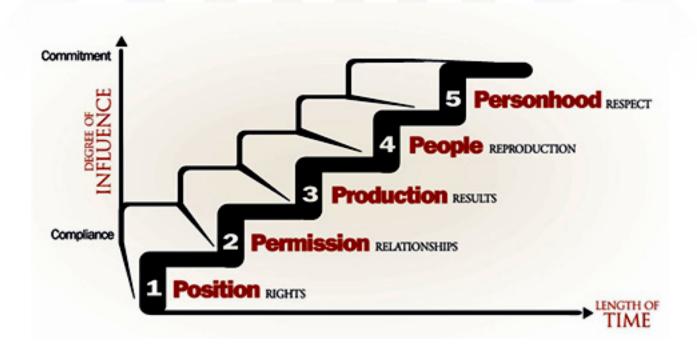
- Leaderschip is defined as a process of influencing people to accomplish the mission, inspiring their commitment and improving the organisation or the organisations one works with
- You can be a leader in each place and position you have within an organization
- Your leadership will serve/influence your own organization and the organizations you work with
- You can make your own leadership style
- Values: Integrity, Honesty, Compassion, Humility



Un líder

No te dice lo que tienes que hacer. Te muestra cómo hacerlo.

5 Common ways of leadership



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Level 1 Position

- People follow you because they have to, you are the boss, not a leader yet
- Some one in authority saw talent, potential and ability in you (you are the boss).
- Invitation to grow as a leader
- Rely on rules, regulations, policies, to control people
- Often starting place for others levels of leadership, is the fundation to built. Influence must discovered and strengthened

Level 1 Position To be effective at this level

- Know your job
- Be prepared to accept responsibility
- Exercise authority with caution
- Assess the strengths and the short coming of your people
- Do more than what is expected
- Challenge people with interesting and tough assignments
- Stop bossing and start listening and encouraging,
- Be a people oriented leader

Level 1 Break patterns

- Top down- I am over you
- Separation- Dont let people get close to you
- Image- Fake it till you make it
- Strength- Never let them see you sweat
- Selfishness- You are here to help me
- Intimidation- Do this or else...
- Rely on "Rules"- The manual says.. According to our.....

Level 1 Thinking

- Moving up from level 1 to level 2 requires:
 - Change in beliefs
 - attitudes towards other people
 - leadership
- The way to achieve succes at the other levels:
 - Decide to include others in the leadership
- Get out of your comfort zone
- Define your leadership
 - Who am I? What are my values? What kind of practices I want to put to this place? Change focus from "management" to leadership.

Guide for Growing

- Know vision and how you can support the organizations vision
- Shift from rules to relationships
- Initiate contact with your folk, get to know them
- No mention of title or position all the time
- You can ask opinion to your team.
 - You can say "I dont know" when you dont know.

Level 2 Permission: Relationships

- People follow you because they want to. You are building leadership based on relationship.
- You are not focused just on preserving your position but on getting to know your people
- The shift from Position to Permission is your first step to real leadership
- Influence people with a relationship not just a position

Level 2: Permission

- Permission may seem soft in a seemingly hard and fast business world
- Seeking permission might also be frustrating for achievers, who just want to get things done immediately, rather than slowing down to build a relationship.
- Yet...

Level 2 Permission

- Possess a genuine concern for your people
- Deal wisely with difficult people. Set employees up for success
- People see you as a professional partner, sharing the same goal and the same challenges
- Trust is the foundation of permission. Working with integer people develops trust
- When people feel liked, cared for, included, valued and trusted, it will change the entire working environment

Level 2 Best Behavior

- Connect with yourself before attempting to connect with others.
 - Self-awareness-Strengths and weaknesses
- Develop a people-oriented leadership style
- Treat people with respect
- Become a chief encourager of your team
- Care for people yet hold people accountable

Level 2 Good patterns

- Side by side
- Lets work together
- Initiation: "I will come to you" Inclusion "what do you think?"
- Cooperation: Together we can win
- Service attitude: I am here to help you
- Growing: I want to add value to you
- Encouragement: I believe you can do this
- Innovation: Lets think outside the box

- Production qualifies and separates true leaders from people who merely occupy leaderships position
- Good leader make things happen. They make results
- They are productive individually and also able to help the team produce
- You achieve results for your organization or not: nobody is half pregnant!

- Some leaders dont move up from level 2
 Permission to level 3 Production "they cant produce results"
- Not just "create a pleasant working environment"
- Reason why: Lack of self-discipline, work ethic, organization, or skills to be productive; does not like to be tough
- Get things done: Good leaders hit targets.
- Success and productivity solve a lot of problems

- Being a change agent, taking you people to a level of effectiveness. Understand how you and others abilities can be used productively
- Connecting others with the goals and the vision through your communication.
- Develop your people into a team and focus on the things that yield high returns

- Develop accountability for results, starting with your self and ending with your people
- Make the difficult decisions
- On level 3, the emphasis is on the ability to create a personal, team and corporate productivity
- Leadership by example

Level 3 Best behaviors

- Know your strengths and grow them
- Cast a vision for what needs to be accomplished.
 - Help others commit to the success of that vision
- Grow your people in to a team
- Praise accomplishments
- Be willing and able to be a change agent

Level 4 People Development

- People follow you because of what you are doing and what you are doing for them
- Leaders become effective not only because of their power, but, because of their ability to empower others and build their confidence
- Leaders shift their focus from the production achieved by others to develop their potential.
 Putting 20% of their focus on productivity and putting 80% on developing and leading others

Level 4 People Development

- You now use your position, relationships, and productivity to invest in your fellows, until they become leaders on their own. On this level leaders reproduce themselves.
- Give people freedom and responsibility but be there and support when things are difficult
- Identify talented/skilled people and place everyone in the right position
- Building on their strengths and equipping them with the resources and confidence to do their job.
- Encourage initiative of others and be a source of initiative yourself

Level 4 People Development

- People are the most valuable asset. Success will depend on your ability to have an inner core of competent people who share your style, principles and goals.
- The leadership of people is built on natural loyalty

Level 4 Best Behaviors

- Recruiting: Identify talented/skilled people
- Job Positioning: Placing the right people on the right place
- Team Positioning: Complimenting their strengths
- Example: Showing others how to lead and deliver
- Equipping: Helping others to do their job well and be there as a last resort and provide backup
- Developing: Teaching them how to do life well
- Empowering: Enabling others to succeed and enjoy
- Measuring: Evaluating how things are going

Level 4 Thinking

- Have a spirit of transferring knowledge and skills
- Decide that people are worth the effort
- Work through your insecurities
- Spend time with your people
- Commit the time necessary to develop your leaders (organization or community leaders)
- Organize a personal development process

Level 5 The Pinnacle

- People follow you because of who you are and what you represent
- Not many leaders reach this level. Its a culmination of leading well on the other four levels.
- Requires high degree of skills and same amount of natural leadership ability.

Level 5 The Pinnacle

- Leaders on level 5 lead so well for so long that they create a legacy of leadership in the organization they serve
- Pinnacle leaders have developed a charisma and stand out from everyone else, they seem to bring succes with them wherever they go, and create an environment that benefits everyone in it.
- They should make the most of it while they can, tackle as many great challenge as possible, extend their influence to make a different beyond their own organization.
- Life of accomplishments, people seek them out even after they have left the organization.

Level 5 Best Behavior

- Make room for others at the top
- Help others by better developing their strengths
- Create an inner circle that keeps you grounded
- Plan for your succession
- Leave a positive legacy

Leadership

Summary:

- The world needs more and better leaders at all levels: more commitment, more direction, more initiative.
- Everyone can become better in leadership
- We need to encourage leadership in our organization and in the organizations that we work with (farmer networks for instance) and work on it systematically.

Community Leadership

- Wisdom, knowledge, empathy, authority?
- Or courage, ruthlessness, raw power?
- Community role models or opportunistic client relationships
- Mentoring by older community members
- Who, individually and collectively, creatively applied the strategies for the promotion of common wellbeing.

Community Leadership

- It serves as a liaison between the community and outside agencies.
- It knows and understands what the community needs are.
- It guides the community into realistic expectations.
- It organizes the community.
- It builds community consensus.
- It researches community resources.
- It organizes and oversees the daily work involved in carrying out a particular project.

AN ARMY OF SHEEP, LED BY A LION, IS BETTER THAN AN ARMY OF LIONS, LED BY A SHEEP.

Markey William Markey M

In which level of Leadership are you now?

Exercise In pairs

Discuss examples you have come across of strong and weak leadership (keep anonymous)

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You can use different examples from leaders you don't know personally Role playing



- Bringing parties together in a positive and productive frame of mind
- Convening is the art and the skill of gathering and holding people together for a common purpose
- Convening: catalyzing initiative

- Create a condition for engagement
- Life is about relationship and in each interaction there is an opportunity
- The core of convening is how we do discover and use the potencial in our self and others!
- What are we committed to? What is the responsibility we have?
- How we create something effective and meanful for the people in a collaboration.

To be a convenor means:

- Be seen as credible, "unbiased", trustworthy, knowledgeable
- Determine precisely what you seek to accomplish.
- If issues are not clarified well, time is wasted due to confusion and frustration
- What are the goals?
- Identifying and inviting the allies (stakeholders) make sure everyone who should be involved is so!
- The convener must ask question such as: Who is affected by the issue? What triggers each ally? Who will implement? Who could possibly block an initiative? What are the power of dynamics between them?

- Determine what resource needs may arise during the convening
- Resource can be contacts, commitment, funds, endorsement, networking etc
- Know how to link those needs and determine how those needs can be met by "experts, facilitators, farmers, allies"

Convener

Conveners help start a process but do not necessarily assume

all the responsibility for conducting it

