











Exploring Agroforestry Interventions in Flood Based Livelihoods Systems.



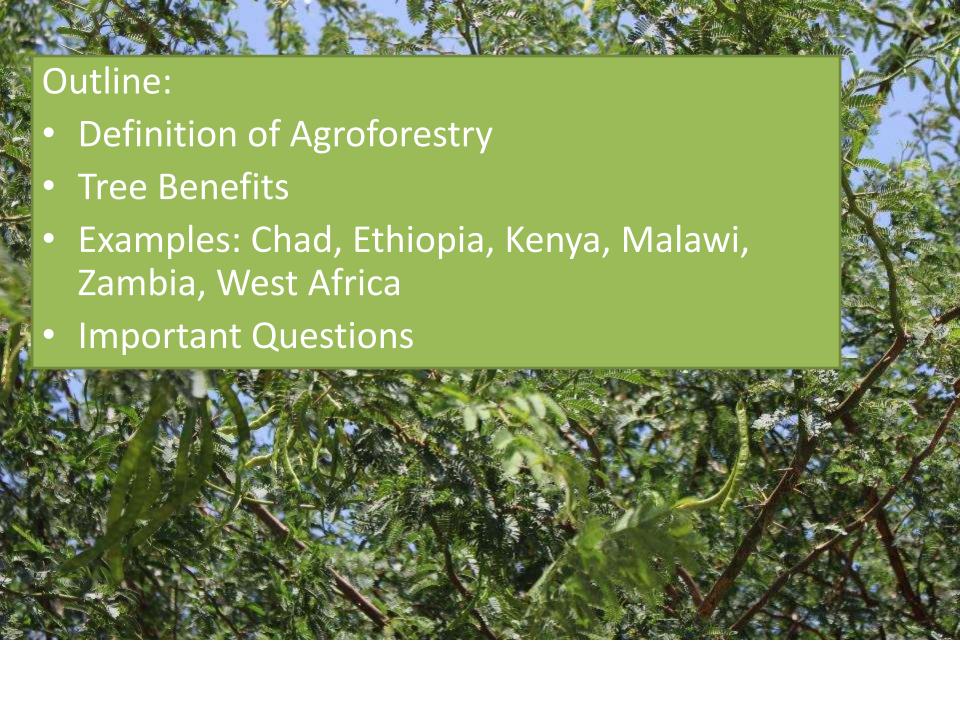






Fostering Leadership in Climate-Smart FBLS for Sustainable Investments in Africa and Asia 15-24 May 2017

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Maize farming in a *Faidherbia* agroforest in Mbarali District, Southern Highlands, Tanzania. 2008

Photo: Saldl Mkomwa

Definitions

• <u>Basic Definition</u> - Agroforestry is agriculture with trees

 Comprehensive Definition - Agroforestry is the practice and science of the interface and interactions between agriculture and forestry, involving farmers, livestock, trees and forests at multiple scales

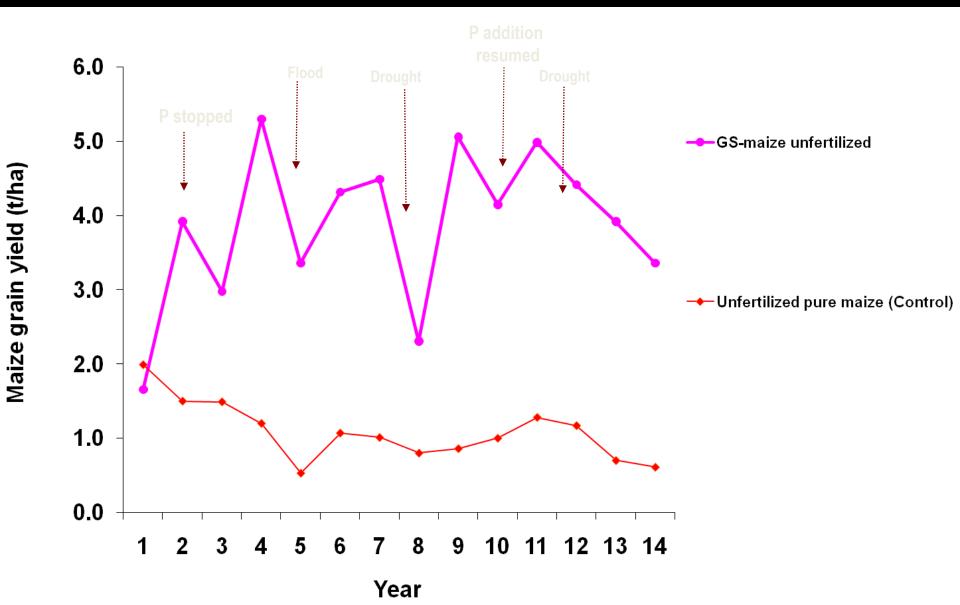
(ICRAF Strategy 2017-2026).

Tree Benefits

- a) Sequestering carbon from the atmosphere
- b) Bringing up water and nutrients from depth
- c) Providing a framework for above and below-ground biodiversity to flourish
- d) Improving microclimate
- e) Building up soil organic matter and thus soil carbon
- f) Offering new farm diversification enterprises
- g) Making agricultural landscapes more resilient
- h) Recording climate history



Long-term maize yield without fertilizer in a *Gliricidia* system







Faidherbia Trial Results in Zambia

Maize yield - zero fertiliser

	2008	2009 Tor	2010 ns/ha
With Faidherbia	4.1	5.1	5.6
Without Faidherbia	1.3	2.6	2.6
Number of trials	15	40	40

10mx10m spacing



Malawi National Agroforestry Food Security Programme

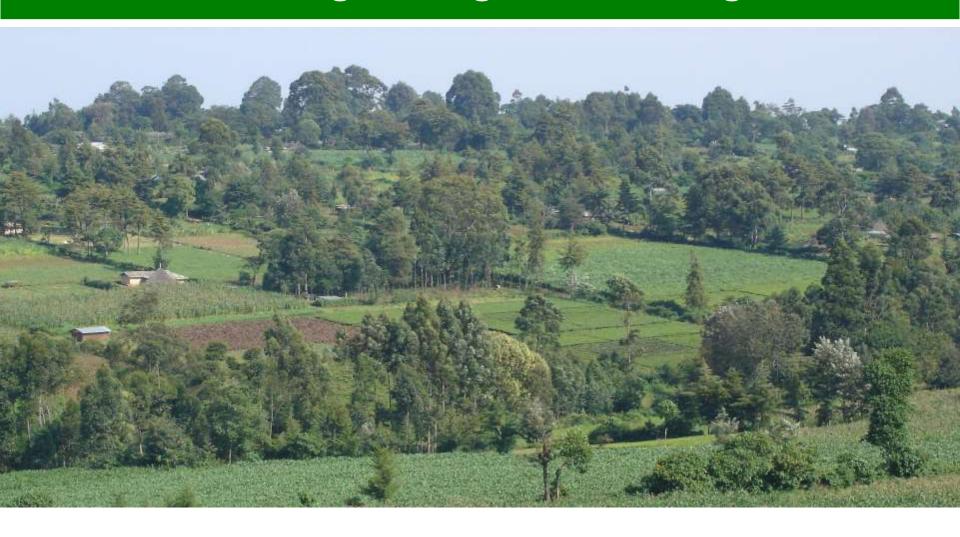


Impact of fertilizer trees on maize yield under farmer management

Plot management	Yield (t/ha)
Maize only	1.30
Maize + fertilizer trees	3.05

2011 Survey of farms in six districts (Mzimba, Lilongwe, Mulanje, Salima, Thyolo and Machinga)

Kenyan Farmlands: Bold policy to achieve >10% tree cover on farms through a National Evergreen Agriculture Programme





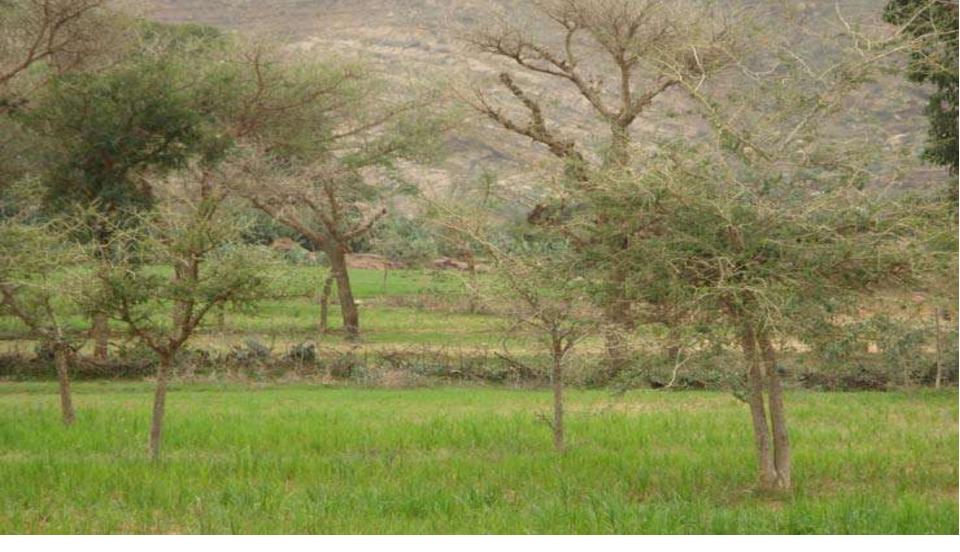










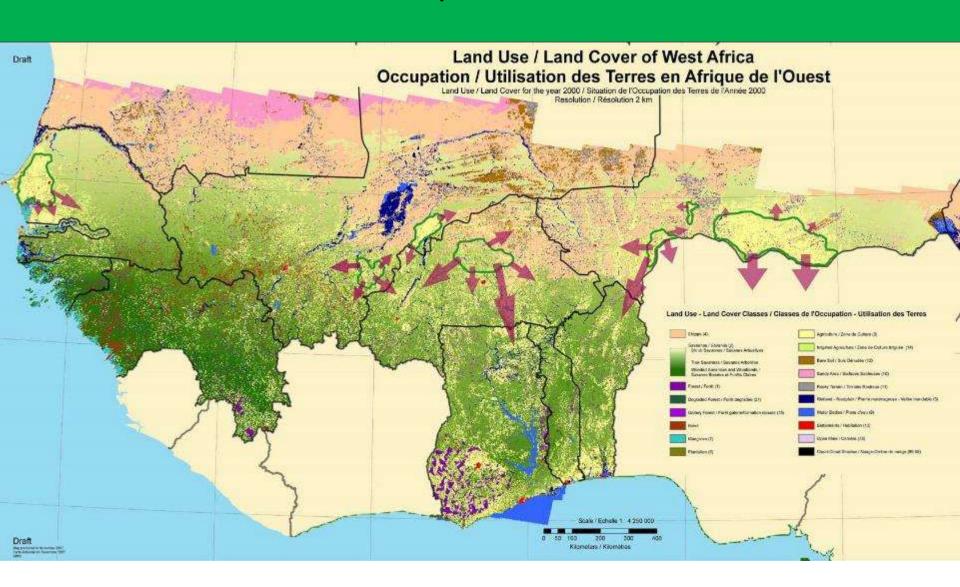


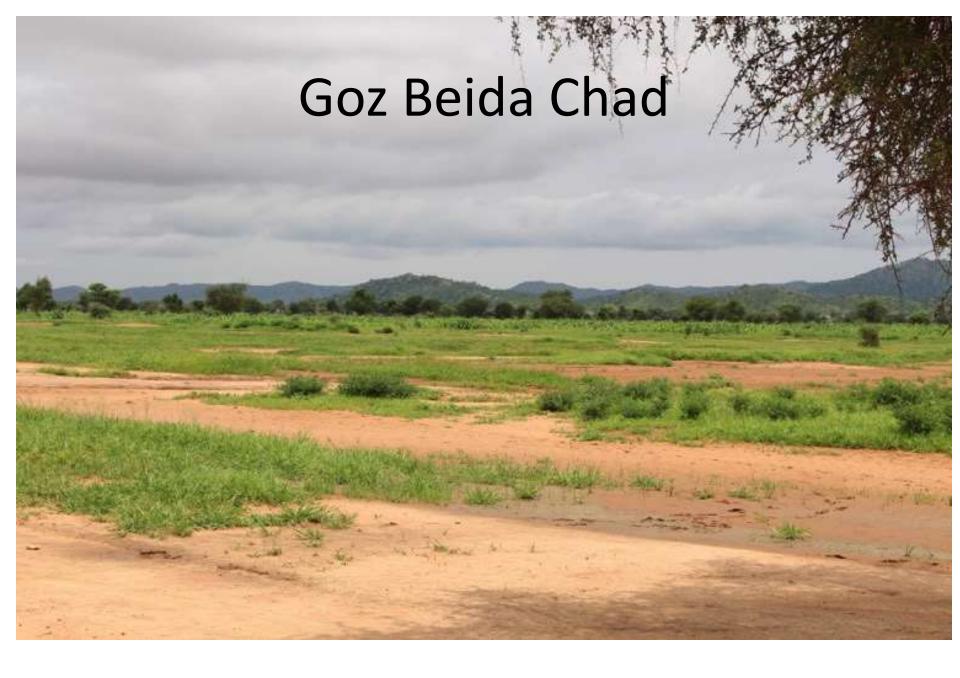
December 2011: Ethiopian Prime Minister announces national programme to establish 100 million *Faidherbia* trees in farmers' fields

Ethiopia - Tigray



Major Agroforestry Regions in West Africa and Directions of Expansion





Goz Beida Chad



Important Questions

- Where do people living in Flood farming areas source of tree products? e.g. fruit, nuts, oils, beverages, gums, resins, latex, flavours, leaves for food and nutrition, fodder for livestock, timber, fuel wood and biomass for energy production, and medicines that treat disease).
- What needs to be done to strengthen AF in flood farming systems?



THANK YOU

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